



**OWASP**

Open Web Application  
Security Project



# **OWASP SAMM Update**

SAMM User Day

June 16th, 2020

Bart De Win, Seba Deleersnyder

# What is SAMM?

OWASP

**FLAGSHIP**

mature projects

The mission of OWASP SAMM is to be the prime maturity model for software assurance that provides an effective and measurable way for all types of organizations to analyze and improve their software security posture. OWASP SAMM supports the complete software lifecycle, including development and acquisition, and is technology and process agnostic. It is intentionally built to be evolvable and risk-driven in nature.



# Visit our website

[owaspsamm.org](https://owaspsamm.org)



# Goals of SAMM version 2

- Align with recent development practices
- Revise all activities (no “orphans”)
- Method agnostic
- Improve assessments
- Improve production process

Backwards compatibility was not a goal

# Core structure



## Governance

### Strategy & Metrics

Create & promote

Measure & improve

### Policy & Compliance

Policy & standards

Compliance management

### Education & Guidance

Training & awareness

Organization & culture

Stream A

Stream B

## Design

### Threat Assessment

Application risk profile

Threat modeling

### Security Requirements

Software requirements

Supplier security

### Secure Architecture

Architecture design

Technology management

Stream A

Stream B

## Implementation

### Secure Build

Build process

Software dependencies

### Secure Deployment

Deployment process

Secret management

### Defect Management

Defect tracking

Metrics & feedback

Stream A

Stream B

## Verification

### Architecture Assessment

Architecture validation

Architecture compliance

### Requirements-driven Testing

Control verification

Misuse/abuse testing

### Security Testing

Scalable baseline

Deep understanding

Stream A

Stream B

## Operations

### Incident Management

Incident detection

Incident response

### Environment Management

Configuration hardening

Patch & update

### Operational Management

Data protection

Legacy management

Stream A

Stream B

# SAMM v2

## security practice structure

	<b>A: Control Verification</b>	<b>B: Misuse /Abuse Testing</b>
<b>Level 1</b> - <i>Opportunistically find basic vulnerabilities and other security issues.</i>	Test for standard security controls	Perform security fuzzing testing
<b>Level 2</b> - <i>Perform implementation review to discover application-specific risks against the security requirements.</i>	Derive test cases from known security requirements	Create and test abuse cases and business logic flaw test
<b>Level 3</b> - <i>Maintain the application security level after bug fixes, changes or during maintenance</i>	Perform regression testing (with security unit tests)	Denial of service and security stress testing

# SAMM v2

## security practice structure

**Level 1** - Opportunistically find **basic** vulnerabilities and other security issues.

**Level 2** - Perform **implementation review** to discover **application-specific risks** against the security requirements.

**Level 3** - **Maintain** the application security level after bug fixes, changes or during maintenance

MATURITY





# SAMM v2

## security practice structure

<i>Level 1 - Opportunistically find basic vulnerabilities and other security issues.</i>
<b>STREAMS</b>
<i>Level 2 - Conduct a security review to discover vulnerabilities against the security requirements.</i>
<i>Level 3 - Maintain the application security level after bug fixes, changes or during maintenance.</i>

A: Control Verification	B: Misuse /Abuse Testing
Test for standard security controls	Perform security fuzzing testing
Derive test cases from known security requirements	Create and execute use cases and business process flow test
Perform regression testing (with security unit tests)	Denial of Service and security stress testing

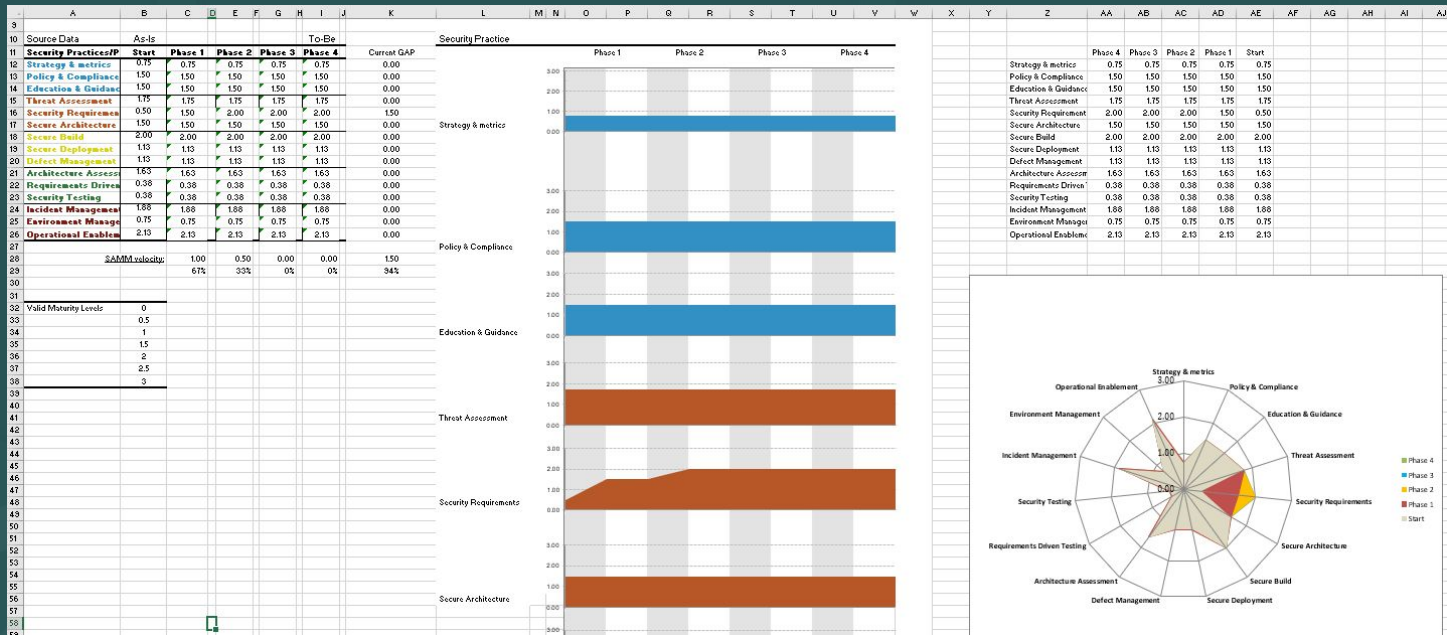
# SAMM v2 assessment toolbox

## GOVERNANCE

Stream	Level	Strategy and metrics
Create and promote	1	Has the organization defined a set of risks to prioritize applications by?
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• You have captured the risk appetite of your organization's executive leadership</li><li>• The organization's leadership have vetted and approved risks</li><li>• You have identified the main business and technical threats to your organization's assets and data</li><li>• Risks are documented and accessible to relevant stakeholders</li></ul>

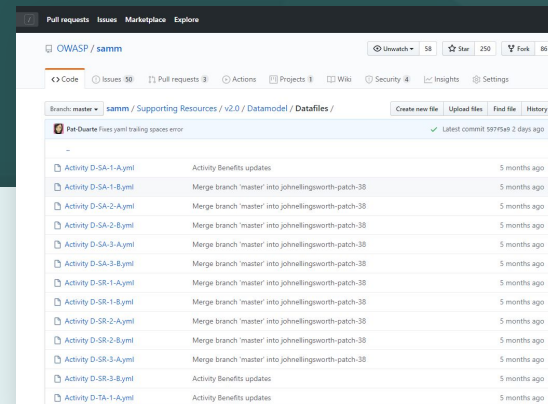
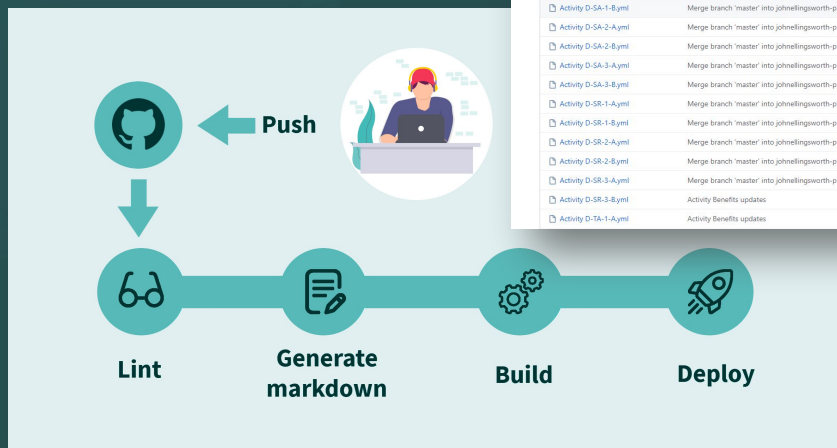
<https://github.com/OWASP/samm/tree/master/Supporting%20Resources/v2.0/toolbox>

# SAMM roadmaps

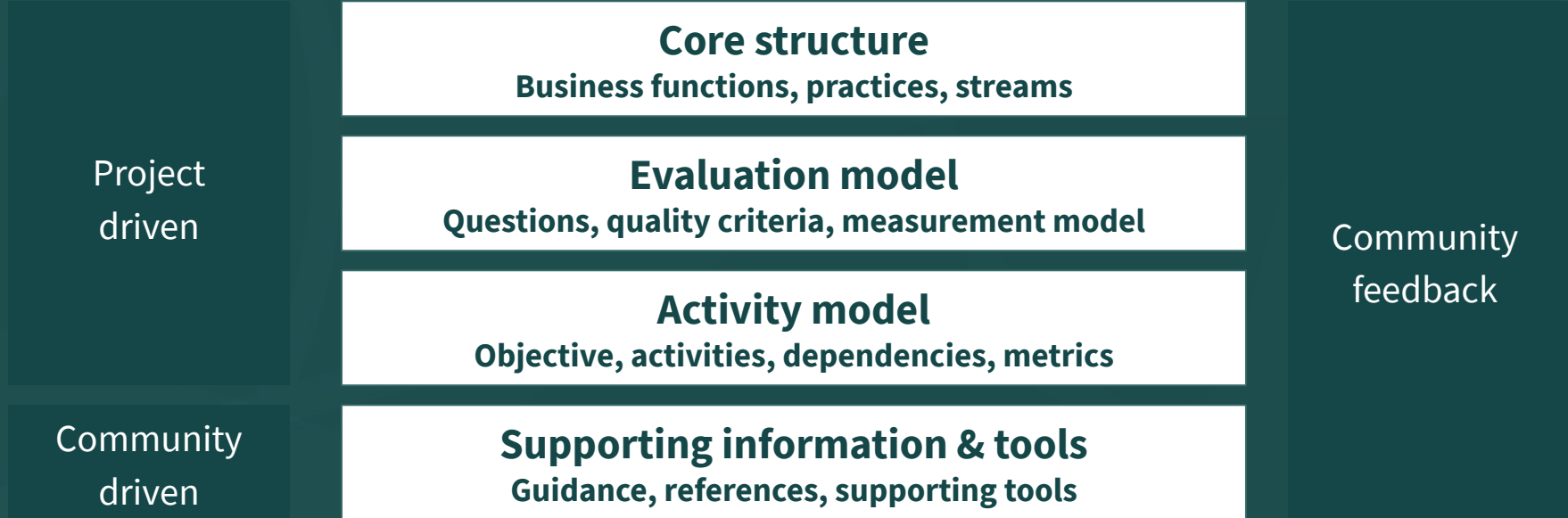


# Project: SAMM CI/CD

- Single source of the truth (Github)
- Used to generate everything *automatically*
  - Document, website
  - Toolbox
  - Applications



# Community involvement



# Translations

crowdin.com/translate/owasp-samm/12/en-es

SPANISH > ACTIVITY G-SM-1-A.YML

Search in file

SOURCE STRING

- 94db47791e3d462cbf5f71eb6b1a1327a
- 4e54703272fa4f1f977b1f9013f585e
- e40b56870b734b13868697017a9b605e
- Identify Organization's Drivers
- Have a common understanding of an app...
- Identify organization drivers as they relat...
- Understand based on application risk...
- Activity

Understand, based on application risk exposure, what threats exist or may exist, as well as how tolerant executive leadership is of these risks. This understanding is a key component of determining software security assurance priorities. To ascertain these threats, interview business owners and stakeholders and document drivers specific to industries where the organization operates as well as drivers specific to the organization. Gathered information includes worst-case scenarios that could impact the organization, as well as opportunities where an optimized software development life-cycle and more secure applications could provide a market-differentiator or create additional opportunities.

Gathered information provides a baseline for the organization to develop and promote its application security program. Items in the program are prioritized to address threats and opportunities most important to the organization. The baseline is split into several risk factors and drivers linked directly to the organization's priorities and used to help build a risk profile of each custom-developed application by documenting how they can impact the organization if they are compromised.

The baseline and individual risk factors should be published and made available to

Entender las amenazas que existen o pueden existir, basándose en la exposición al riesgo de la aplicación, así como cuán tolerante es el liderazgo ejecutivo a estos riesgos. Este entendimiento es un componente clave para determinar las prioridades de seguridad de software. Para determinar estas amenazas, habrá que entrevistar a los dueños de negocio y a las partes interesadas, y documentar los motivadores específicos de las industrias en las que opera la organización, así como a objetivos motivadores específicos de la organización. La información recopilada incluye escenarios pesimistas que podrían afectar a la organización, así como oportunidades en las que un ciclo de vida optimizado de desarrollo de software y aplicaciones más seguras podrían proporcionar un diferenciador de mercado o crear oportunidades adicionales.

1654 / 1934 SAVE

COMMENTS SEARCH ... TER...

Ender A (akbase)  
What is the meaning of "driver" here? I used to translate it as "factor" but in this sentence factor and driver used together. The baseline is split into several risk factors and drivers linked directly to the organization's priorities."  
2 months ago Turkish

Ender A (akbase)  
Which goals? "Additionally, these goals should provide..."  
2 months ago Turkish

SAMM

ABOUT SAMM THE MODEL GUIDANCE COMMUNITY USER DAY CONTACT

## THE MODEL

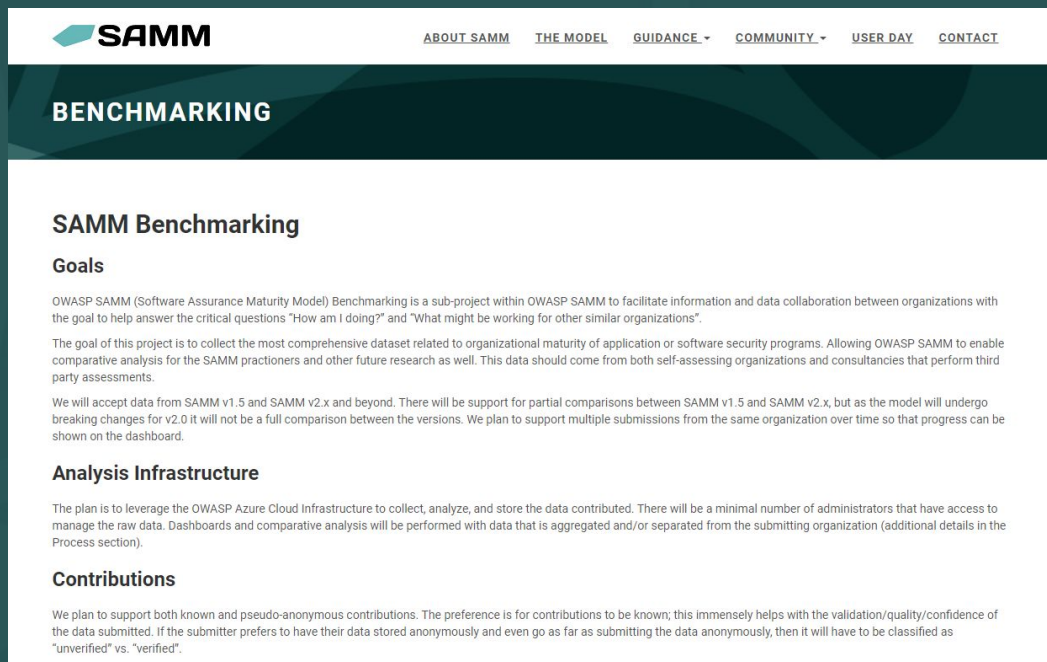
Model overview

Design	Implementation	Verification	Operations
Threat Assessment	Secure Build	Architecture Assessment	Incident Management
Security Requirements	Secure Deployment	Requirements-driven Testing	Environment Management
Security Architecture	Defect Management	Security Testing	Operational Management

Software Assurance Maturity Model (SAMM) is to be the prime maturity model for software assurance that provides an effective and measurable way for all to analyze and improve their software security posture. OWASP SAMM supports the complete software lifecycle, including development and acquisition, and is agnostic. It is intentionally built to be evolvable and risk-driven in nature. SAMM 2.0 was written by Pravir Chandra and dates back from 2009. Over the last 10 years, it has proven a widely distributed and effective model for improving secure development practices across different types of organizations throughout the world. Translations and supporting tools have been contributed by the community to facilitate adoption and implementation of SAMM 2.0, we further improve the model to deal with some of its current limitations. SAMM 2.0 was developed through extensive discussions and with input from practitioners and the OWASP community during summits in Europe and the US on the best way forward, we take a new approach to the model based on the input we gathered. For more information on the SAMM version 2 changes, read our SAMM version 2 release notes. We also have a PDF version of the model. We'll continue to work on it to have a final version as soon as possible.

<https://crowdin.com/project/owasp-samm>

# How do I compare?



The image shows a screenshot of the OWASP SAMM Benchmarking page. The page has a dark teal header with the SAMM logo on the left and navigation links (ABOUT SAMM, THE MODEL, GUIDANCE, COMMUNITY, USER DAY, CONTACT) on the right. Below the header is a dark teal banner with the word "BENCHMARKING" in white. The main content area is white and contains the following sections:

- SAMM Benchmarking**
- Goals**

OWASP SAMM (Software Assurance Maturity Model) Benchmarking is a sub-project within OWASP SAMM to facilitate information and data collaboration between organizations with the goal to help answer the critical questions "How am I doing?" and "What might be working for other similar organizations".

The goal of this project is to collect the most comprehensive dataset related to organizational maturity of application or software security programs. Allowing OWASP SAMM to enable comparative analysis for the SAMM practitioners and other future research as well. This data should come from both self-assessing organizations and consultancies that perform third party assessments.

We will accept data from SAMM v1.5 and SAMM v2.x and beyond. There will be support for partial comparisons between SAMM v1.5 and SAMM v2.x, but as the model will undergo breaking changes for v2.0 it will not be a full comparison between the versions. We plan to support multiple submissions from the same organization over time so that progress can be shown on the dashboard.
- Analysis Infrastructure**

The plan is to leverage the OWASP Azure Cloud Infrastructure to collect, analyze, and store the data contributed. There will be a minimal number of administrators that have access to manage the raw data. Dashboards and comparative analysis will be performed with data that is aggregated and/or separated from the submitting organization (additional details in the Process section).
- Contributions**

We plan to support both known and pseudo-anonymous contributions. The preference is for contributions to be known; this immensely helps with the validation/quality/confidence of the data submitted. If the submitter prefers to have their data stored anonymously and even go as far as submitting the data anonymously, then it will have to be classified as "unverified" vs. "verified".

# Our roadmap

- Continuous: minor fixes
- Wrap-up: PDF
- v2.1 (Oct 2020): Translations, mappings
- v2.2 (Jan 2021): Activity-specific guidance (references, agile, ...)
- V2.3 (June 2021): online toolbox, open API
- V3.0: tbd



# Let's do this together



# Who is SAMM?

Bart De Win  
Project Co-Leader, Belgium

Sebastien (Seba) Deleersnyder  
Project Co-Leader, Belgium

Brian Glass – United States

Daniel Kefer – Germany

Yan Kravchenko – United States

Chris Cooper – United Kingdom

John DiLeo – New Zealand

Nessim Kisserli – Belgium

Patricia Duarte – Uruguay

John Kennedy – Sweden

Hardik Parekh – United States

John Ellingsworth – United States

Sebastián Arriada – Argentina

Brett Crowley – United Kingdom

# SAMM Sponsors



[owasp.samm.org/sponsors](https://owasp.samm.org/sponsors)

# Enjoy the User Day !



Time (UTC)	Type	Title	Speaker
12.00	Talk	OWASP SAMM Update	Bart De Win and Sebastien Deleersnyder
12.30	Talk	The Seven Deadly Sins of SAMM	John Wood
13.00	Roundtable	Agile Guidance for SAMM	Rob van der Veer
14.00	Break		
14.15	Talk	SAMM 2.0 Dashboard	Sathish Ashwin
14.45	Talk	OWASP Top 10 Maturity Categories for Security Champions	Lucian Corlan
15.15	Talk	Using OWASP SAMM to kickstart the SSDLC - Lessons learned from real-world projects	Thomas Kerbl
15.45	Talk	OWASP SAMM: Tools of the Trade	John Ellingsworth
16.15	Break		
16.30	Talk	Lean security: a framework for activities and design factors in DevSecOps	Dennis Verslegers
17.00	Talk	Content Security in Federated Media Cloud Workflows	Ben Schofield
17.30	Talk	Integrating SAMM v2 into Consulting Assessments	Tony Cargile
18.00	Break		
18.15	Workshop	SAMM benchmark - design and user stories	Brian Glas
19.15	Talk	Contributing to SAMM	Patricia Duarte
19.45	Talk	Wrapping up our first SAMM User Day	Bart De Win

# OWASP SAMM outreach 2020

Using our social media, sponsor and subscriber networks:

- Twitter - 900 followers
- LinkedIn - 120 followers
- Newsletter - 600+ subscribers
- OWASP SAMM - 8 Sponsors
- SAMM Slack channel - 400+ members



**Thank you!**